

Faculty of Medicine Universitas Gadjah Mada Yogyakarta, Indonesia

Yogyakarta, 2004-2012 Indonesian Cochrane Network, Long Overdue?

The 4th Board Meeting and Scientific Forum ICE-EBM, Yogyakarta, December 14-16, 2012



Clinical Epidemiology and Evidence Based Medicine in Indonesia

Historical Perspective

INCLEN

1980 Project of the Rockefeller Foundation



• 1984

 Clinical Epidemiology and Biostatistic Unit (CEBU) → Clinical Epidemiology Resources and Training Center (CERTC) \rightarrow Now

- Clinical Epidemiology and EBM Training , Courses and Curriculum Development
- Master in Clinical Epidemiology
 - Indonesia
 - Thailand
 - Philippines
 - China



FACULTY OF MEDICINE, UNIVERSITAS GADJAH MADA

2004-2008 Sea-OCHID Project

- Improving the care of mothers and babies in South East Asia by increasing the capacity for generating and using evidence
- 1. To build capacity in research synthesis
- 2. To increase capacity and skills for EBP
- 3. To demonstrate effective implementation strategies for EBP change
- 4. To improve access to quality healthcare information
- 5. To increase locally derived and relevant research activity
- 6. To increase evidence-based policymaking



2011→ Now Sea-URCHIN Project

- to determine if an intervention to implement research about prevention and management of neonatal infection can improve clinical practice and health outcomes for babies
- increase understanding of how to translate research into this specific practice area and lead to improved outcomes for newborn babies in South East Asia

Produce of Evidence



THE COCHRANE COLLABORATION

The Cochrane Library

Archie Cochrane's challenge



"It is surely a great criticism of our profession that we have not organised a critical summary, by specialty or subspecialty, adapted periodically, of all relevant randomised controlled trials."

Cochrane 1979



The vision is that healthcare decision-making throughout the world will be informed by high-quality, timely research evidence."

Mission and aims

- An international not-for-profit organisation which aims to help people make well-informed decisions about healthcare by preparing, maintaining and promoting the accessibility of systematic reviews of the effects of health care interventions
- The contibutors work together to produce SR of healthcare interventions, known as <u>Cochrane Reviews</u> and published online in <u>The Cochrane Library</u>.
- Aiming to be:
 - collaborative, efficient
 - unbiased, reliable, up to date
 - relevant, accessible
- The world leaders in evidence-based health care

- more than 28,000 people in over 100 countries
 almost all volunteers
- decentralised structure
 - 53 Cochrane Review Groups (CRGs)
 - specific areas of health care
 - first point of contact for authors
 - international and multidisciplinary
 - Secretariat and Cochrane Editorial Unit (UK)
 - supported by Methods Groups, Fields, Centres, Consumer Network
- largely funded by government grants



www.cochrane.org/contact/centres_map

An international organisation

History and Milestones

http://www.thecochranelibrary.com/view/0/AboutTheCochraneLibrary.html

1972	Publication of Archie Cochrane's 'Effectiveness and Efficiency: random reflections on health
	services', which drew attention to our collective ignorance about the effects of health care
1974	Identification of controlled trials in perinatal medicine begins in Cardiff, Wales, UK
	Archie Cochrane publishes an essay in which he suggests that "It is surely a
	great criticism of our profession that we have not organised a critical summary,
1979	by specialty or subspecialty, adapted periodically, of all relevant randomised
2070	controlled trials." He also designates obstetrics the least scientific medical
	specialty
1985	Publication of classified bibliography of 3500 reports of controlled trials in perinatal
	medicine published between 1940 and 1984
1989 to 1992	Maintenance of systematic reviews of controlled trials of perinatal care in six-monthly disk
	issues of an electronic journal, The Oxford Database of Perinatal Trials (ODPT)
October	The first Cochrane Centre opened (in the UK) and the first Cochrane Review
	Groups were registered (Pregnancy and Childbirth Group, and the Subfertility
1992	Group)
	Update Software reissues The Oxford Database of Perinatal Trials (ODPT) as a redesigned
April 1993	pilot electronic journal entitled The Cochrane Pregnancy and Childbirth Database (CCPC)
	Formal launch of The Cochrane Collaboration at the 1st Cochrane Colloquium, in Oxford,
August 1993	UK
October	First public demonstration of the Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews (CDSR),
1994	designed and published by Update Software
February	
, 1995	CDSR launched in London by the English Minister for Health

History and Milestones

10.00	
March 1996	The Cochrane Library launched by Update Software as a quarterly publication on CD-ROM and disk, incorporating the Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews (CDSR), Database of Abstracts of Reviews of Effectiveness, Cochrane Controlled Trials Register, and Cochrane Review Methodology Database
August 1996	CDSR available on the World Wide Web
April 1997	Electronic Comments and Criticisms System launched within the CDSR
January 2001	One thousandth Cochrane Review published
April 2002	The Cochrane Library made free at the point of use, under the HINARI programme
October 2002	John Wiley and Sons Limited publish The Cochrane Library
October 2003	Launch of La Cochrane Library Plus en español
June 2008	First impact factor: 4.654 for 2007; ranked 14 out of 100 worldwide journals in the Medicine, General and Internal category
January 2009	First Editor in Chief of The Cochrane Library, Dr David Tovey Number of published Cochrane Reviews and Protocols reaches 5676 in Issue 1, 2009
January 2010	CDSR moves to monthly publication
August 2011	Cochrane Reviews have new online 'Look and Feel'
January 2012	Cochrane CENTRAL moves to monthly publication
September 2012	'New Search' functionality released for global usage.
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Cochrane Systematic Reviews

What is a Cochrane Review?

3 types of Cochrane Review:

- 1. Intervention reviews assess the benefits and harms of interventions used in healthcare and health policy.
- 2. Diagnostic test accuracy reviews assess how well a diagnostic test performs in diagnosing and detecting a particular disease.
- 3. Methodology reviews address issues relevant to how systematic reviews and clinical trials are conducted and reported.

Cochrane Systematic Reviews

CR base their findings on the results of trials which meet certain quality criteria, since the most reliable studies will provide the best evidence for making decisions about health care. Authors apply methods which reduce the impact of bias across different parts of the review process, including:

- 1. Identification of relevant studies from a number of different sources (including unpublished sources);
- 2. Selection of studies for inclusion and evaluation of their strengths and limitations on the basis of clear, predefined criteria;
- 3. Systematic collection of data;
- 4. Appropriate synthesis of data.



from The Cochrane Collaboration





http://www.thecochranelibrary.com/view/0/index.html

	ANE LIBRARY ty evidence for health care decision ma from <u>The Cochrane Collabor</u>	king	LOGIN Enter e-mail address Enter password REMEMBER ME	FORGO INST
Search	Search Manager	Medical Terms (M	leSH)	Browse
Title, Abstract, Keywords Search Limits Vi	 (Vitamin A) AND pregnancy w search tips (Word variations have been search 	rched)		Go Add to Search Ma
All Results (486)	Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews	: Issue 12 of 12, December 2	2012	
 All Results (400) Cochrane Reviews (33) All Review Protocol Other Reviews (11) 	There are 33 results from 7646 records for Cochrane Reviews' Pages 1 - 25 26 - 33 Select all Export all Export selected	your search on ' (Vitamin A)		e abstract keyw ort by Relevance
 Trials (436) Methods Studies (1) Technology Assessments (2) Economic Evaluations (3) 	Vitamin A supplementation during pre Nynke van den Broek , Lixia Dou , Moha November 2010			letin Gülmezoglu Re
 Cochrane Groups (0) All 	Vitamin D supplementation for women Luz Maria De-Regil , Cristina Palacios , J June 2012		Juan Pablo Peña-Rosas	

Published articles in the Cochrane Library

Database	Year Of Earliest Record	Total published
Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews*	2005	7626
Database of Abstracts of Reviews of Effects	1994	18915
Cochrane Central Register of Controlled Trials	1898	680109
Cochrane Methodology Register	1951	15764`
Health Technology Assessment Database	1989	10406``
NHS Economic Evaluation Database	1968	12684
About The Cochrane Collaboration**	2004	81
<u>Editorials</u>	2010	47

* Comprises 5352 published reviews and 2274 protocols, of which 50 are new reviews, 68 updated reviews (comprises 50 new search and 18 conclusions changed), 39 new protocols, and 0 updated protocols.

** The Cochrane Collaboration: 1; Cochrane Editorial Unit: 1; Cochrane Review Groups (CRGs): 53; Fields: 12; Methods Groups: 16. There are also 14 Centres (some with specific Branches).

Review Title	Times cited in 2011
Interventions for preventing falls in older people living in the community	141
Interventions for treating obesity in children	79
Decision aids for people facing health treatment or screening decisions	70
Continuing education meetings and workshops: effects on professional practice and health care outcomes	56
Methods to increase response to postal and electronic questionnaires	55
Interventions for preventing falls in older people in nursing care facilities and hospitals	52
Exercise for depression	45
Surgical approach to hysterectomy for benign gynaecological disease	45
Surgical management of pelvic organ prolapse in women	42
School-based physical activity programs for promoting physical activity and fitness in children and adolescents aged 6-18	41

TOP 10 CDSR in 2011

Rollover the map and click on each region to discover more





\times
31
0.13%

0

111

Top Articles

Acetaminophen for osteoarthritis... more

Optimal duration of exclusive breastfeeding... more

Oral zinc for treating diarrhoea in children... more



http://www.thecochranelibrary.com/view/0/FreeAccess.html

The CDSR Impact Factor 2011

- A tool for ranking, evaluating, and comparing journals.
- A measure of the frequency with which the "average article" in a journal has been cited in a particular year.
- Cites in 2011 to Reviews published in 2009–2010 = 7721
- Number of Reviews published in 2009–2010 = 1306
- The CDSR IF for 2011 = 5.912
- The CDSR is ranked in the Top Ten of the Journal Citation Reports[®] (JCR) "Medicine, General & Internal" category.





Proses Kebijakan



Proses Kebijakan



Produce of Evidence? Highest Level of Evidence?

The Cochrane Library, January 8, 2013

Contribute to the work of The Cochrane Collaboration:

- Conducting a systematic review as part of a research team
- Providing peer review as a content expert, consumer or someone with specific skills e.g information retrieval or statistics
- Providing editorial support to a Cochrane Review Group
- Acting as an advocate for evidence based health care and the work of The Cochrane Collaboration
- Providing training for review authors or editors, or users of The Cochrane Library
- Participating in the development of Cochrane methods
- Contributing the work of Cochrane Centres and Branches, Fields and Networks.



The 1st Indonesian-Cochrane		Working Groups	No
Author is Prof. M	oh Hakimi wsu	Pregnancy & Childbirth	5
		Acute Respiratory Infection	1
Entity: PO	Kalimantan	Renal	4
Padang Sumatra	. (Borneo) EQ	u Hepato Biliary	5
r udung - oundru	Banjarmasin Sul	ENT Disorders	7
Palembang			
Bandurge	Semarang	Neonatal	4
INDIAN Yogyakarta HIV/AIDS			
OCEAN	va Denpasar Lombok	Infectious Diseases	3
	Bali	Colorectal Cancer	1
400 miles		Health Care of Older People	1
Jakarta	Vogyakarta	Musculoskeletal	5
	Yogyakarta	Compl Health Field	5
Title Reg 0	Title Reg 1	Nursing Care Field	1
Protocol 1	Protocol 2	Methods	1
Review 2	Review 4	Consumer	3
	AVA ANN NASIO	Total	44

Indonesian Cochrane Network

Why needed?

The Cochrane Collaboration

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- Increase quality of health care
 - Patient safety
 - Cost effectiveness
 - Greater impact given high number of population
- Health policy
 - > Cost
 - Health technology
- Education
 - Undergraduate and postgraduate programs





 Empowering health consumers
 Increasing knowledgeable patients
 Increasing involvement in determining priorities for health care
 Health professional capacity building
 Professional accountability

- Promoting the uptake of research in health care
- Requirements for professional updating)

Indonesian Cochrane Network



Indonesian Cochrane Network

- UGM is proposed to be the host
 - Coordinates the Cochrane activities in the whole country
- Other institutions will be the Nodes for specific focus/purpose
 Example: UI – focus on EBM health policy



Cochrane Activities



Indonesian Cochrane Network

- Establish the Network
 - ➤ Within ICE-EBM?
 - Funding Body?
 - Suistanability?
- Contribution to Cochrane Collaboration
 - International
 - National-Local

Future Plan

Indonesian Cochrane Network

- Wide range of training and workshop (for decision makers, health professions and managers)
- Translating evidence to policy (collaborate with professions, MoH)
- Produce Evidence

(Systematic Review, Clinical Practice Guideline)

- Dissemination Cochrane Findings (Indonesian Translation)
- Implementing EBM in curriculum (undergraduate and postgraduate)
- Research Activities

Getting more people involved in Cochrane activities !!!



